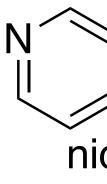
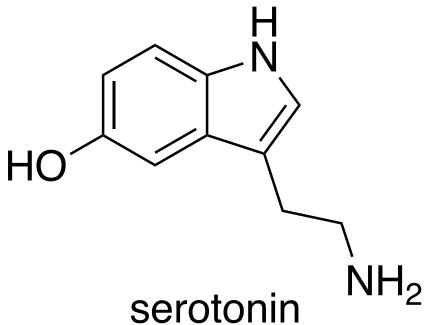
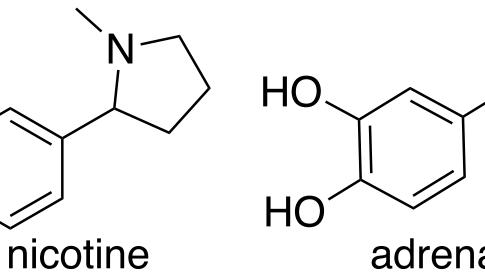
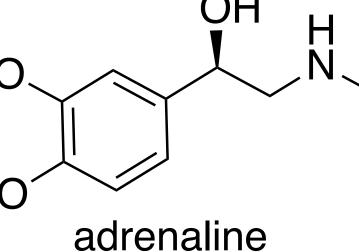
Screening approaches in drug discovery OH

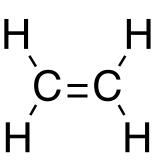




Kevin Dalby August 2021

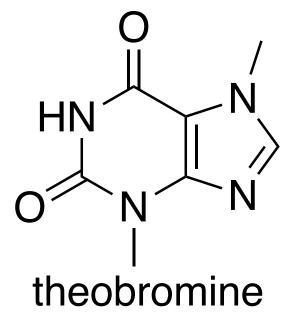






ethylene

Ν caffeine





Phenotype to drug target

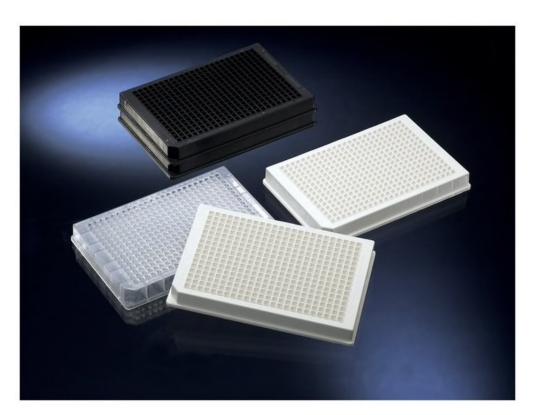
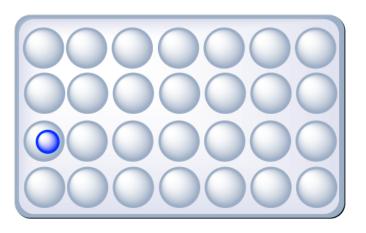


plate with normal bacteria

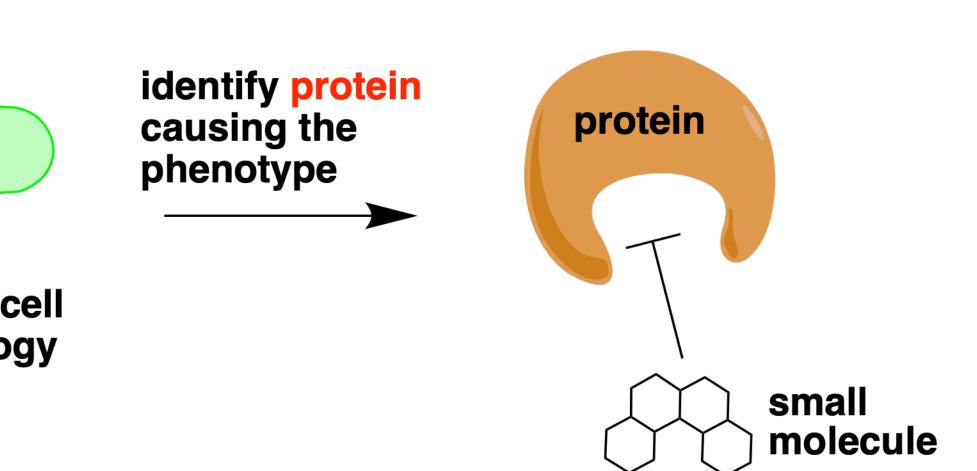


1) screen small molecules

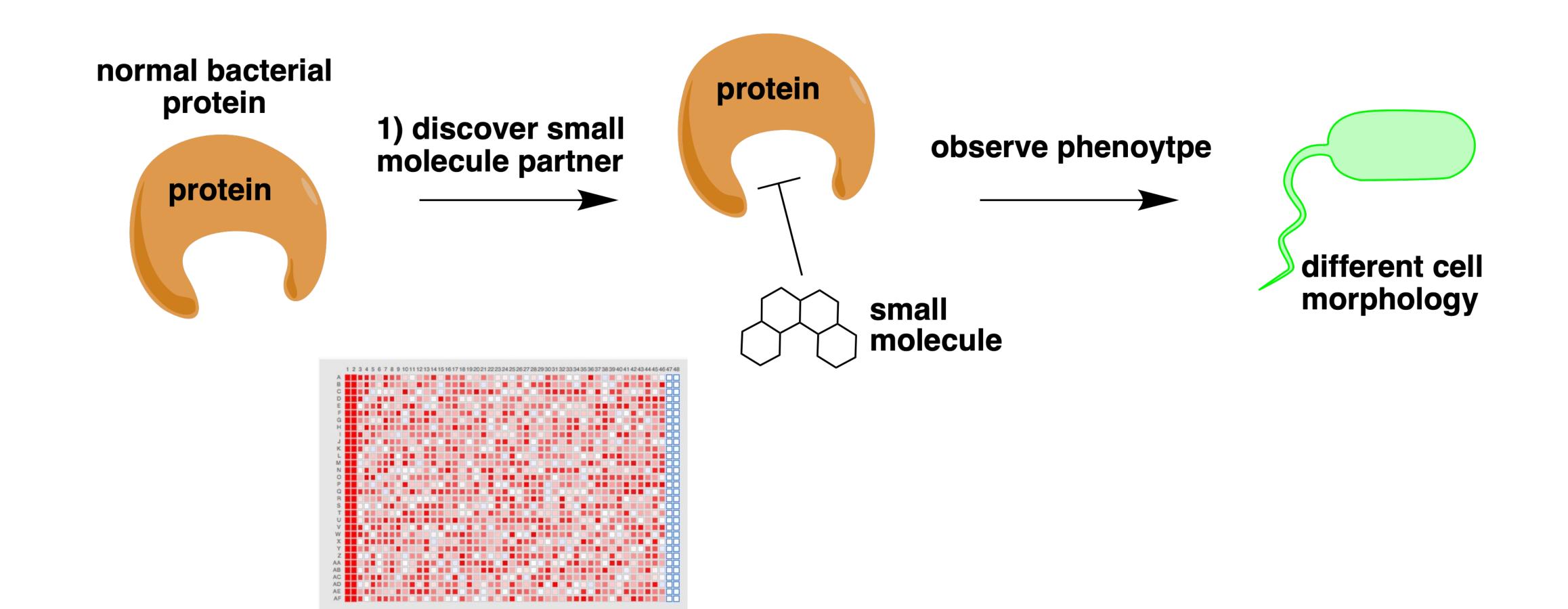
2) select phenotype

different cell morphology

+ one small molecule per well



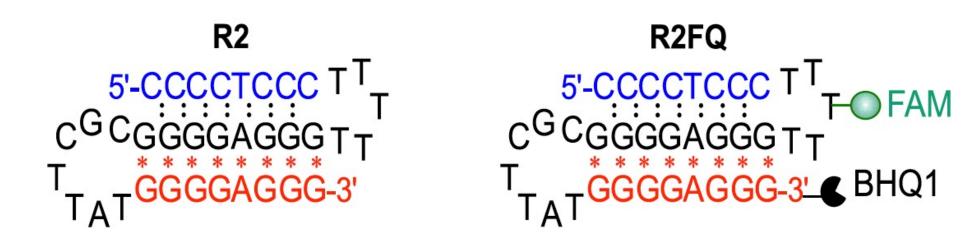
Drug target to phenotype



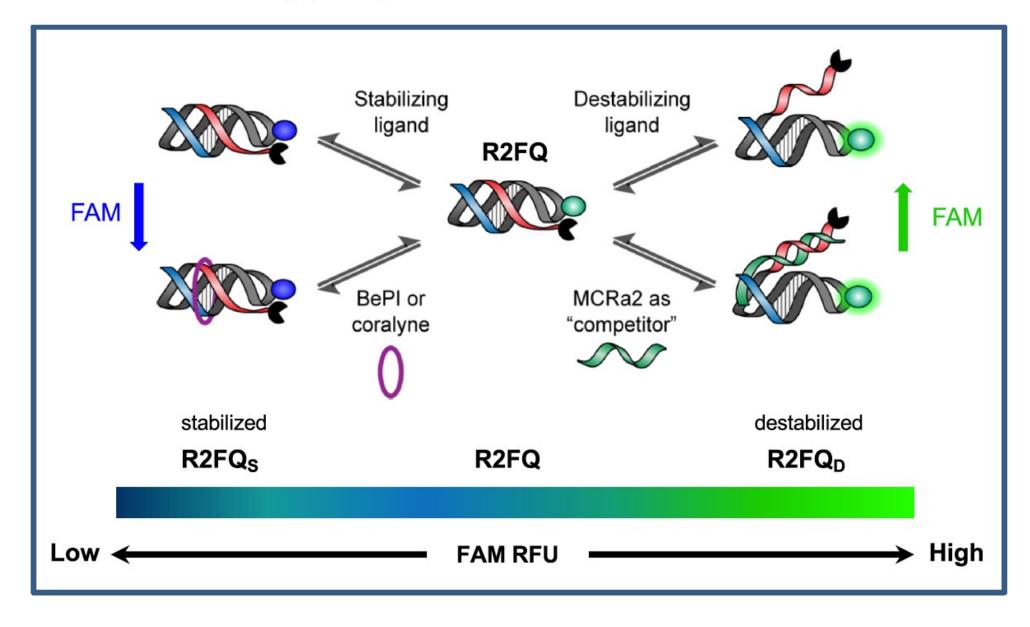
1536 – well plate

An example of an in vitro screen In vitro assays - Fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET)

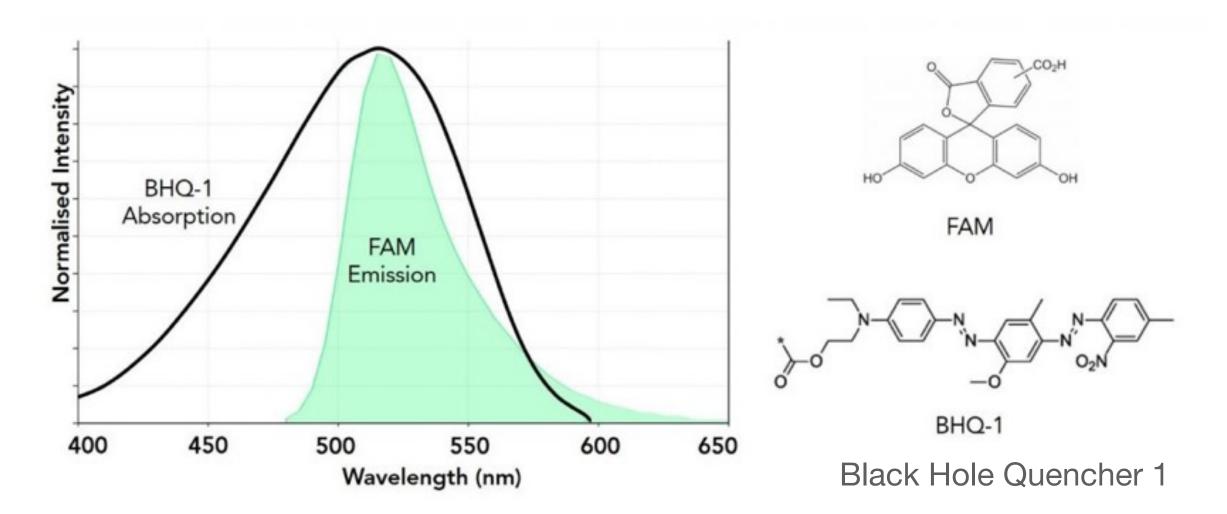
A H-DNA/intramolecular triplex structure



B FRET-based assay principle



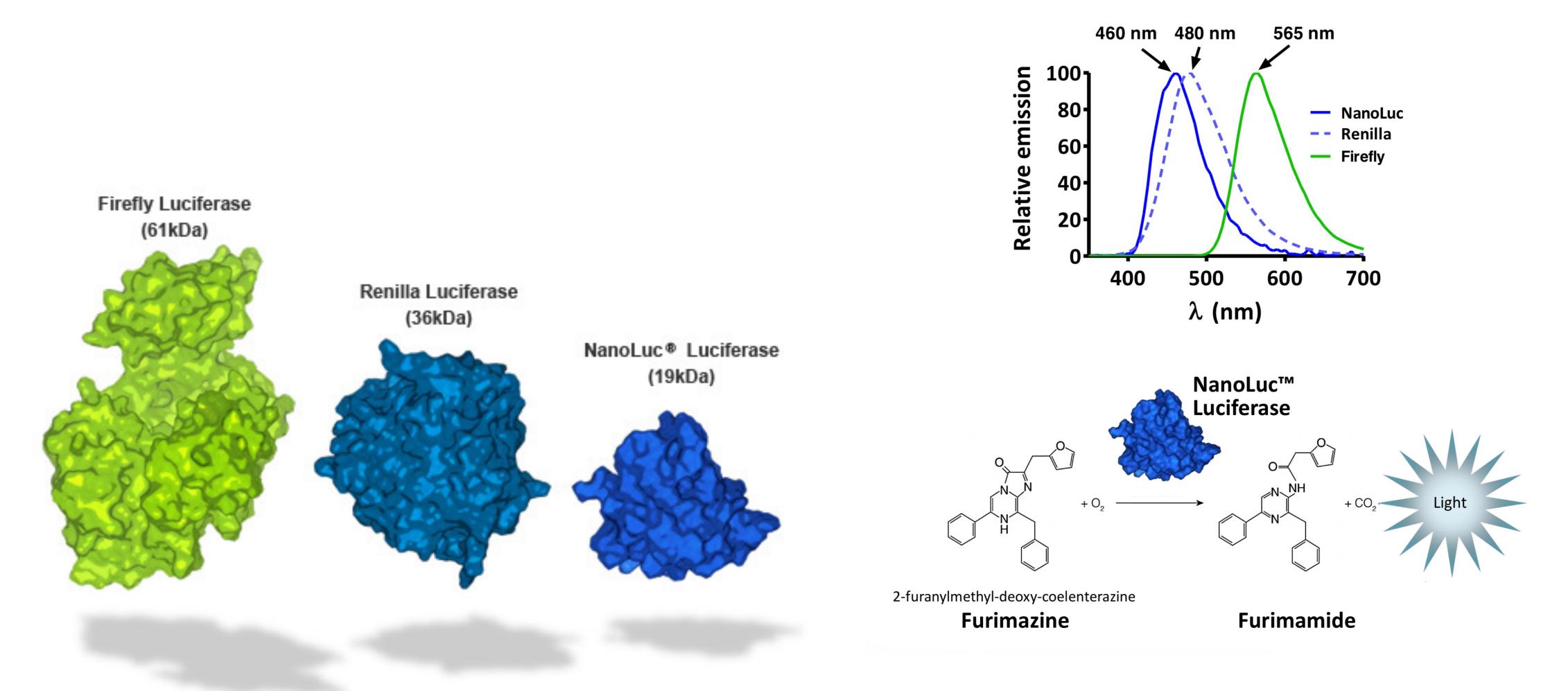
Excitation 495 nm Emission 520 nm



A tunable assay for modulators of genome-destabilizing DNA structures

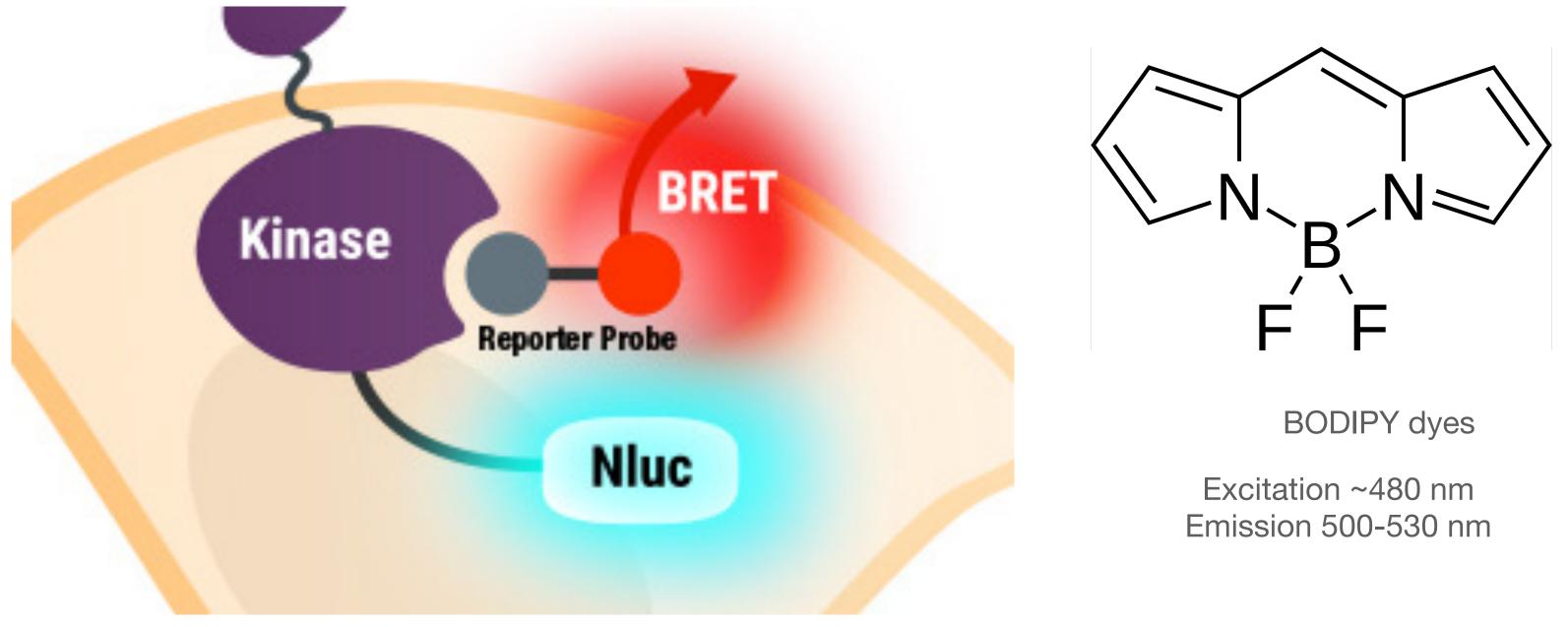
Imee M.A. del Mundo^{1,†}, Eun Jeong Cho^{2,†}, Kevin N. Dalby^{2,‡} and Karen M. Vasquez^{1,*,‡}

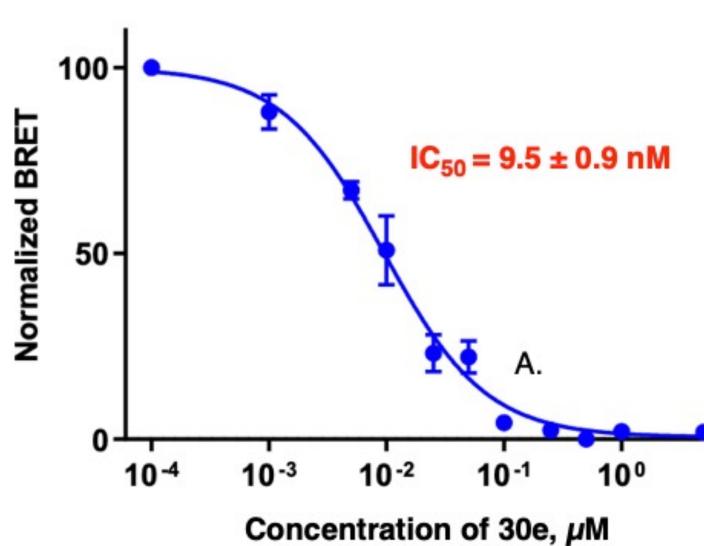
Introduction to luciferase



Promega

Quantifying interactions in live cells Bioluminescence Resonance Energy Transfer (BRET)





Promega



Screening events in live cells Real-time live cell time lapse

- IncuCyte Zoom system
 - utilizes a tissue culture incubator
 - 4x, 10x, 20x microscope objective
 - simultaneously monitoring two colors (green/red)

